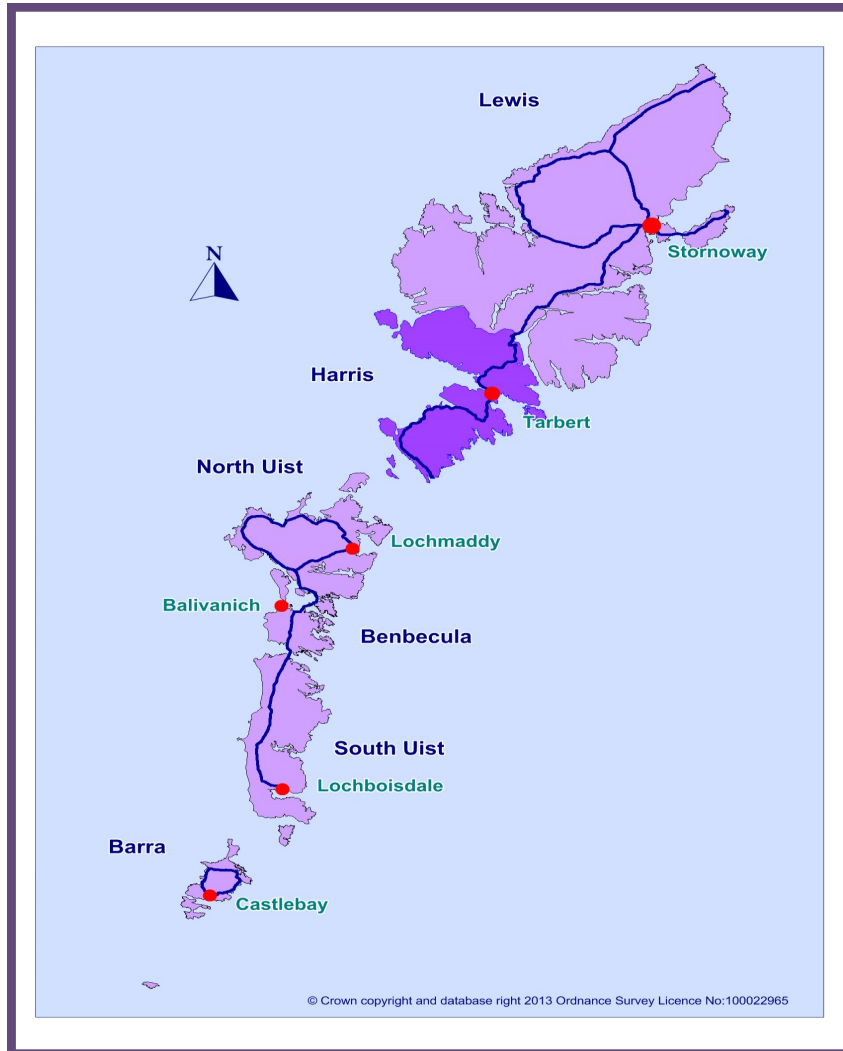


## 2011 Census Statistics Harris



### Key Statistics

Population - 1,916

Households - 911

Average household size - 2.1 people

Broad age groups:

Under 16 - 13.7%

16 to 64 - 57.6%

65 and over - 28.7%

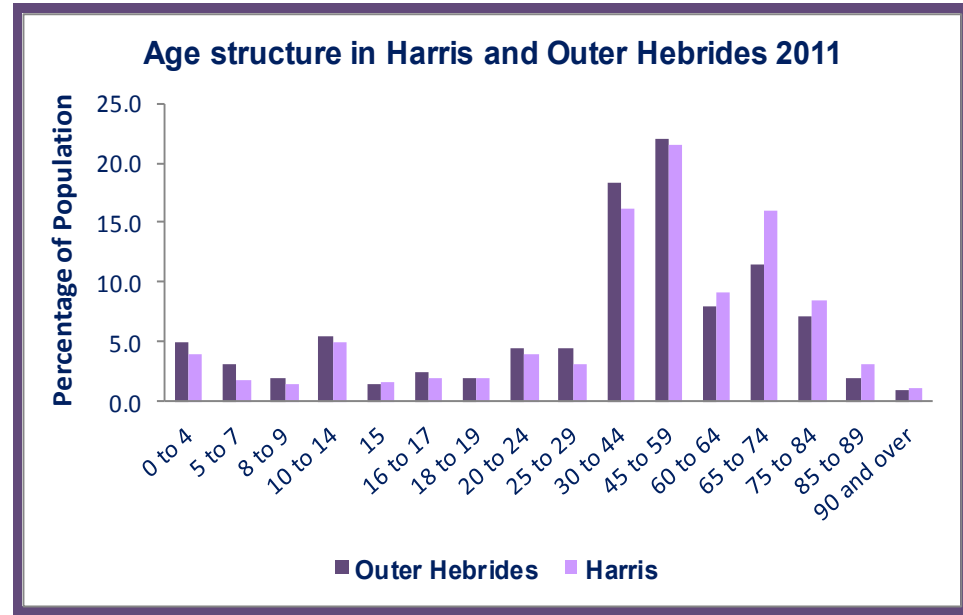
Able to speak Gaelic aged 3 and over - 61%

Economically active - 65%

Source: National Records of Scotland  
[www.scotlandscensus.gov.uk](http://www.scotlandscensus.gov.uk)

# Population

	Outer Hebrides 2011		Harris 2011	
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
0 to 4	1,354	4.9	74	3.9
5 to 7	847	3.1	34	1.8
8 to 9	566	2.0	28	1.5
10 to 14	1,529	5.5	95	5.0
15	382	1.4	31	1.6
16 to 17	669	2.4	37	1.9
18 to 19	535	1.9	36	1.9
20 to 24	1,228	4.4	76	4.0
25 to 29	1,258	4.5	60	3.1
30 to 44	5,068	18.3	308	16.1
45 to 59	6,105	22.1	412	21.5
60 to 64	2,174	7.9	175	9.1
65 to 74	3,197	11.5	306	16.0
75 to 84	1,987	7.2	161	8.4
85 to 89	539	1.9	62	3.2
90 and over	246	0.9	21	1.1
All people	27,684	100.0	1,916	100.0



## Age Structure

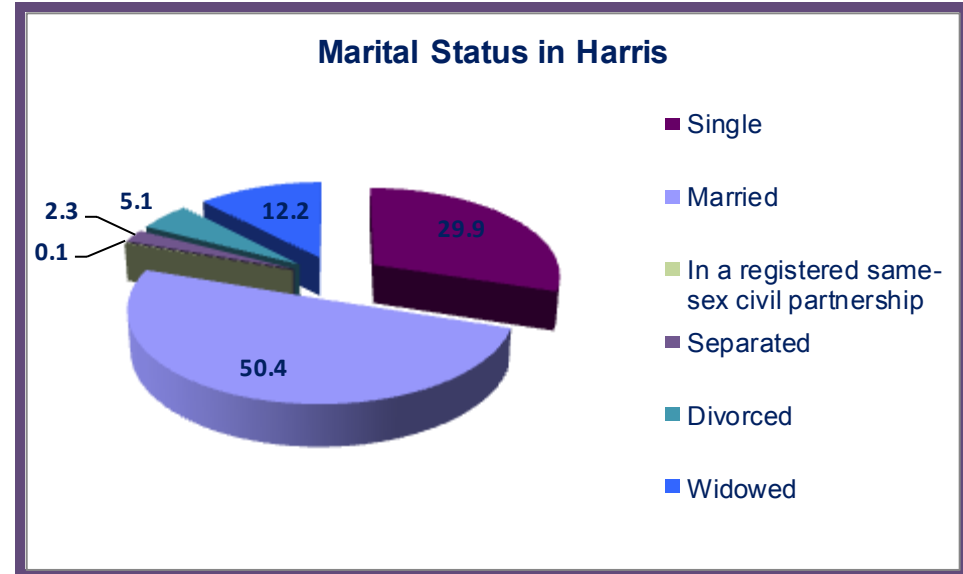
As with other island areas the highest percentage of people was to be found in the 45 to 59 age group.

In general the younger age groups were slightly lower and older age groups slightly higher than for the whole of the Outer Hebrides.

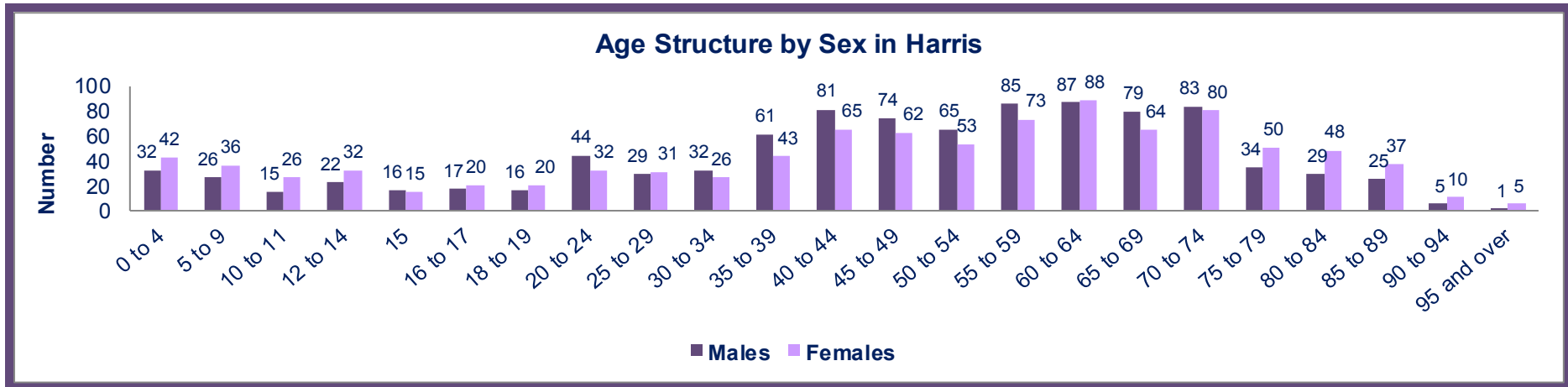
## Marital Status

Out of the 1,654 people aged 16 and over in Harris, the majority (50.4%) were married.

Harris had the highest percentage of married people and the lowest percentage of divorced and single people in all island areas.



# Population



## Age by Sex

As illustrated in the graph above the difference between the sexes varied greatly within age groups in Harris. This was particularly so in the 35 to 39 age group where there were 18 more males than females. The pattern in the sexes in Harris was not the same as for the Outer Hebrides and other island areas. There were more females than males in most age groups up to the age of 19 and then more males than females up to the age of 74. From the age of 75 the pattern follows that of the Outer Hebrides with more females than males, which reflects the higher life expectancy of females in the Outer Hebrides.

Overall, 50% of the population in Harris was male, while 50% was female. As illustrated below, in contrast to other areas, there was a higher percentage of females in the under 16 age group and also in the 65 and over while in the 16 to 30 age group and 31 to 64 age group there was a higher percentage of males.

### Aged Under 16

Total	262
Male Total	111
Female Total	151
% Males	42.4%
% Females	57.6%

### Aged 16 to 30

Total	209
Males total	106
Females total	103
% Males	50.7%
% Females	49.3%

### Aged 31 to 64

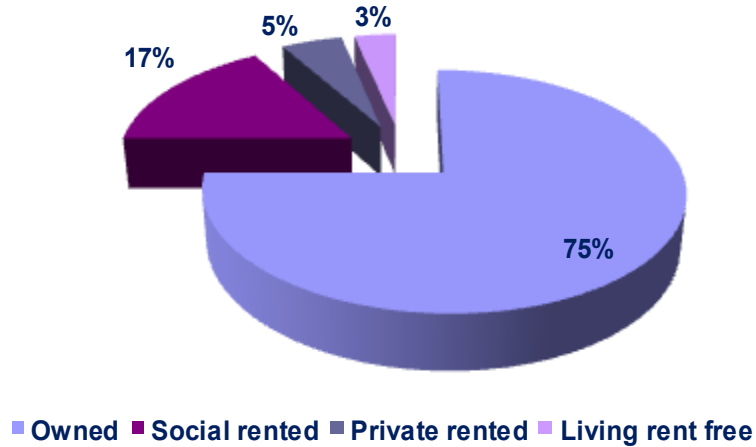
Total	895
Males total	485
Female total	410
% Males	54.2%
% Females	45.8%

### Aged 65 +

Total	550
Males total	256
Female total	294
% Males	46.5%
% Females	53.5%

# Households

## Household Tenure in Harris



## Household Tenure

Out of the 911 households in Harris, 683 (75%) were owned. Of those owned, 532 (58.4%) were owned outright, while 148 (16.2%) were owned with a mortgage or loan. Harris had the highest percentage of houses owned outright in all island areas and the lowest percentage of those owned with mortgage/loan.

In the rented sector, 151 (17%) were social rented, while 46 (5%) were private rented. 31 households (3%) were living rent free. Harris had the lowest percentage of private rented houses in island areas and the highest percentage of those living rent free.

The average household size in Harris was 2.1 in comparison to 2.17 in the Outer Hebrides.

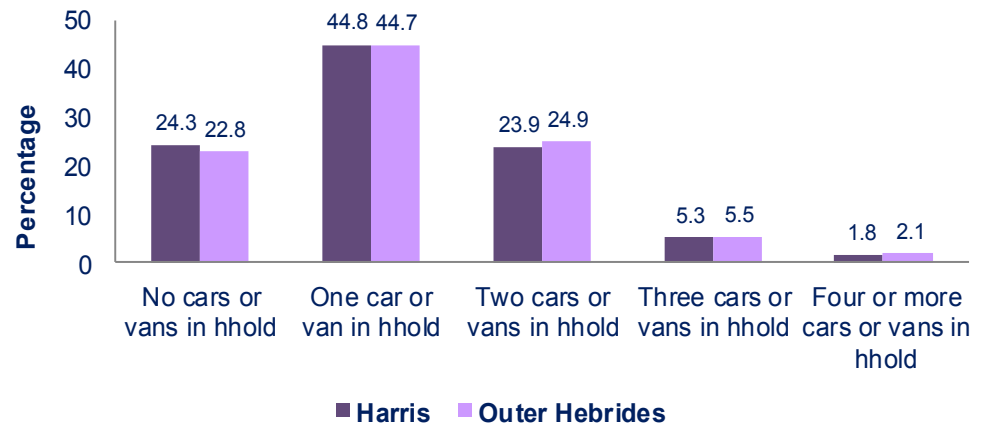
## Car/Van Availability

In the 911 households in Harris there were a total of 1,058 cars and vans.

The percentage of households in Harris with cars or vans, and without, was similar to that of the Outer Hebrides, as illustrated in the adjacent graph. In island areas Harris had the highest percentage of households with no cars/vans.

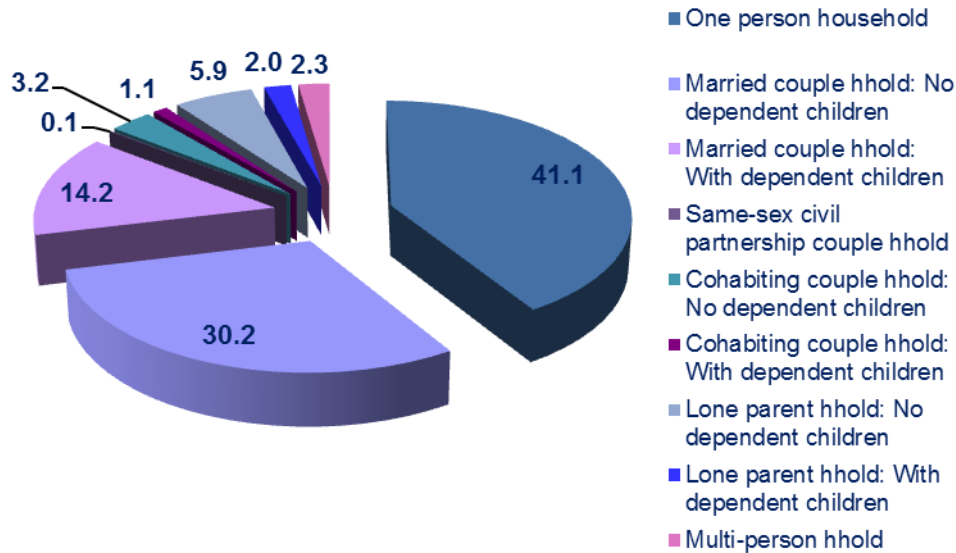
The average number of cars/vans per household was 1.2, the same as for the Outer Hebrides as a whole.

## Car/Van Availability in Harris and Outer Hebrides



# Households

## Household Type in Harris



## Household Type

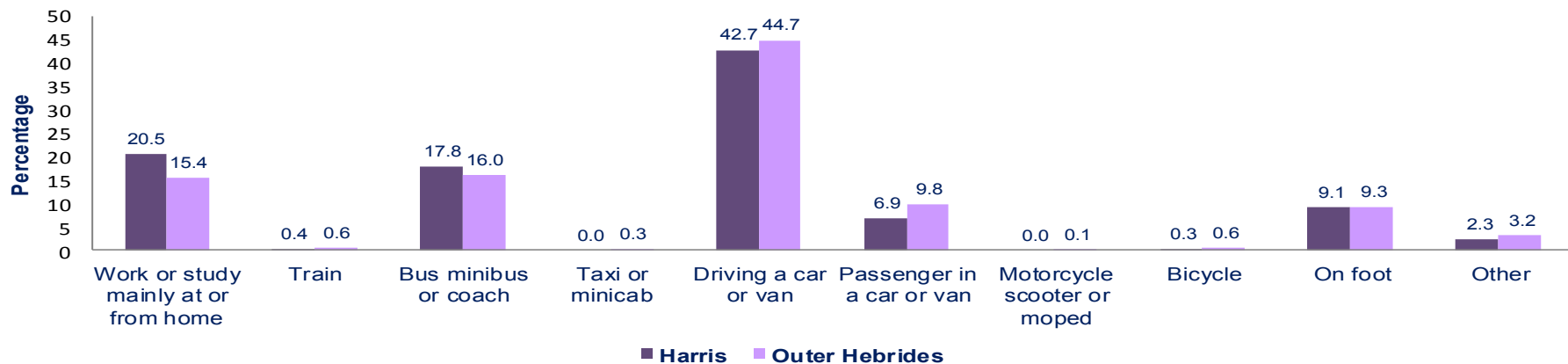
In Harris one person households were the largest household type at 41.1% as illustrated in the adjacent chart. This was higher than that of the Outer Hebrides as a whole which was 37.2%. Harris had the highest percentage of married couple households with no dependent children, the highest percentage of lone parent households with no dependent children and the lowest percentage of lone parent households with dependent children in island areas.

## Travel to work/study Method

Travel to work/study methods in Harris were similar to those in the Outer Hebrides as illustrated in the chart below.

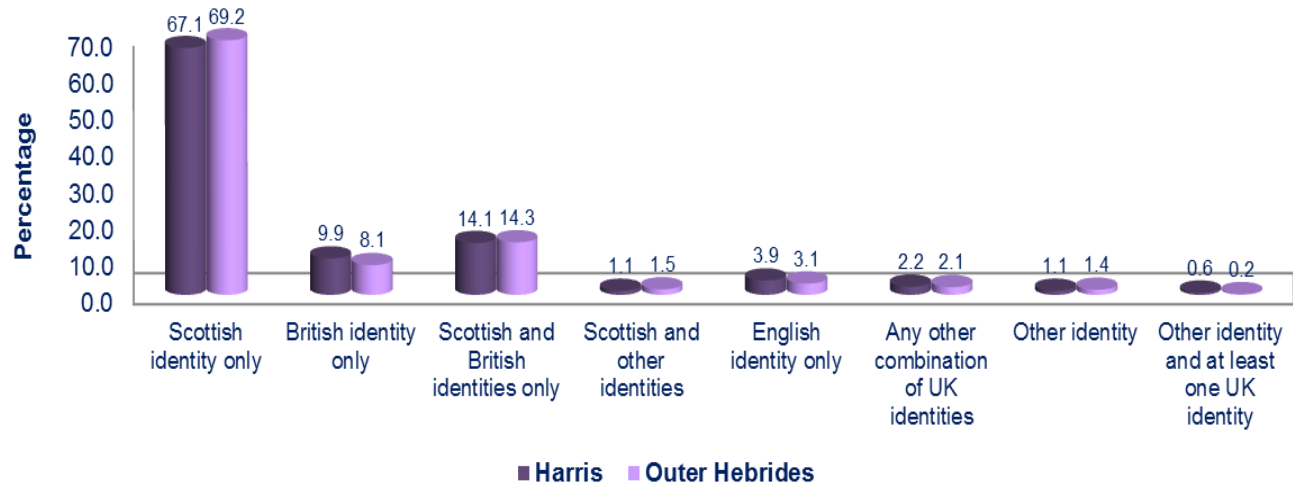
In Harris the percentage of those who work or study mainly at or from home was higher and the percentage travelling by car or van was lower than that of the Outer Hebrides as a whole.

## Travel to work/study method in Harris and Outer Hebrides



# Identity, Religion and Language

## National Identity in Harris & Outer Hebrides



## National Identity

The majority of those living in Harris (67.1%) identified themselves as having a Scottish identity only, slightly lower than the Outer Hebrides average.

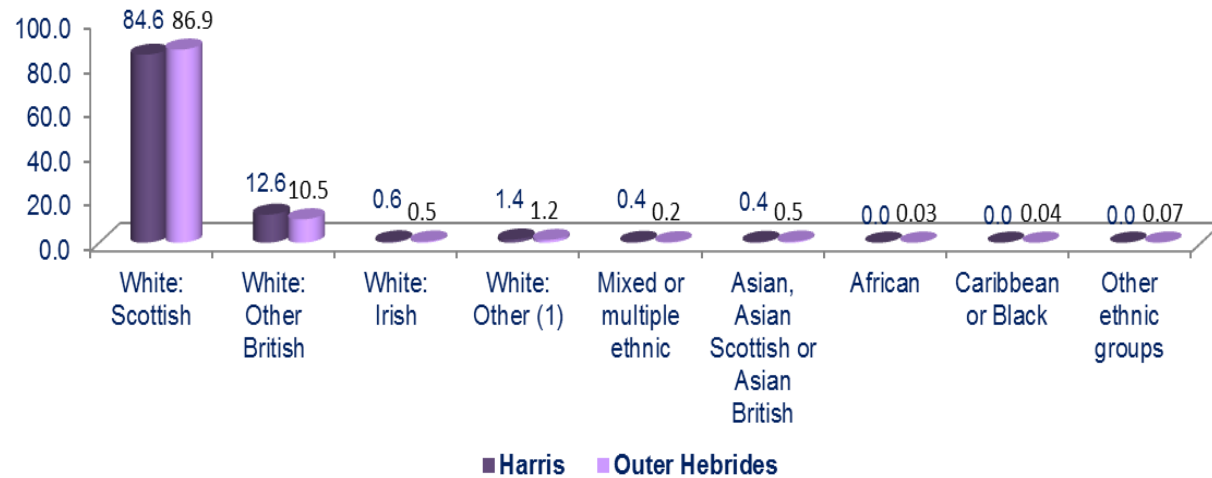
Harris, along with Lewis, had the highest percentage in island areas of those identifying as British only. It also, along with Lewis, had the highest percentage of those with English identity only.

## Ethnic Identity

Harris had a slightly lower percentage of those identifying themselves as White Scottish than in the Outer Hebrides. Harris, along with North Uist, had the lowest percentage in island areas of those identifying themselves as White Scottish.

Those identifying as White:Other British was slightly higher than in the Outer Hebrides.

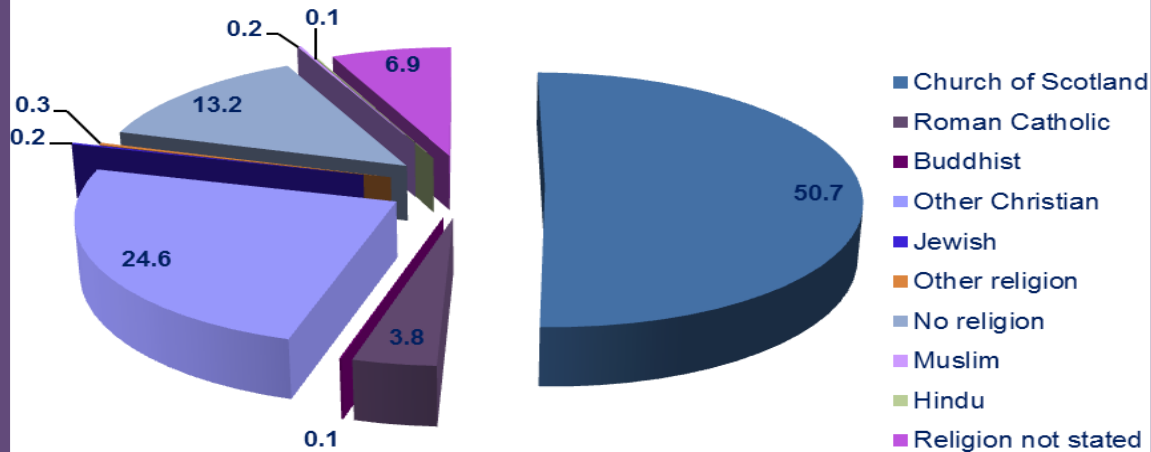
## Ethnic Groups in Harris & Outer Hebrides



(1) Includes "White: Gypsy/Traveller", "White: Polish" and "White: Other White".

# Identity, Religion and Language

## Religion in Harris



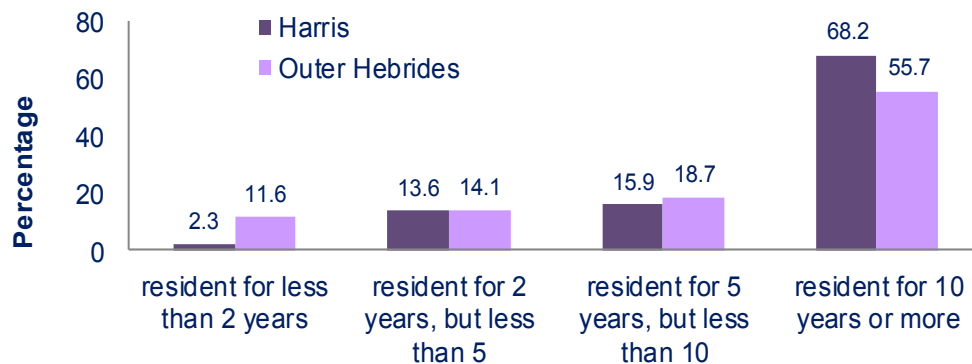
## Religion

Over 50% of the people in Harris stated that their religious denomination was Church of Scotland, higher than that of the Outer Hebrides (42.5%).

Harris had the highest percentage of the population in island areas stating Other Christian as their religious denomination (Outer Hebrides average 19%).

The percentage who stated no religion was lower than that of the Outer Hebrides average.

## Length of Residence in the UK in Harris and Outer Hebrides



## Length of Residence in the UK

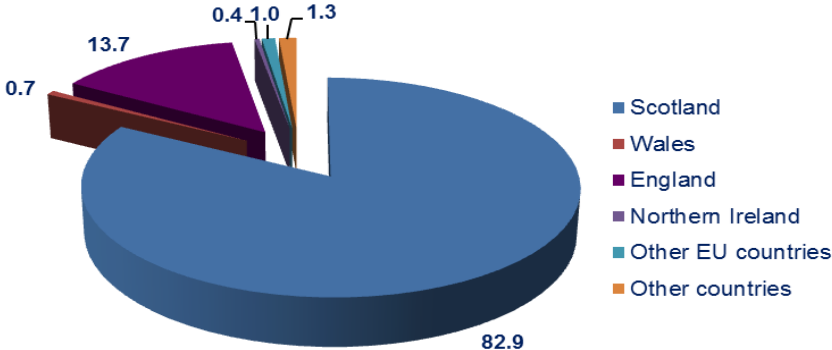
Out of the 1,916 people living in Harris, 44 were born outside the UK.

The majority of those born outside the UK had been resident for 10 years or more, similar to the Outer Hebrides average.

All other groups were also broadly similar to the Outer Hebrides average, but with a much lower percentage resident for less than 2 years.

# Identity, Religion and Language

Country of Birth - Harris



Country of Birth

Out of the 1,916 people living in Harris, 1,872 were born in the UK. The majority of people in Harris were born in Scotland, while the next largest group is those born in England at almost 14% (263).

20 people were born in Africa, Middle East and Asia, The Americas and the Caribbean and Antartica and Oceania and other countries. 19 people were born in other EU countries.

For all the groups Harris was broadly similar to the Outer Hebrides, but with a higher percentage of those born in England and lower percentage of those born in Scotland.

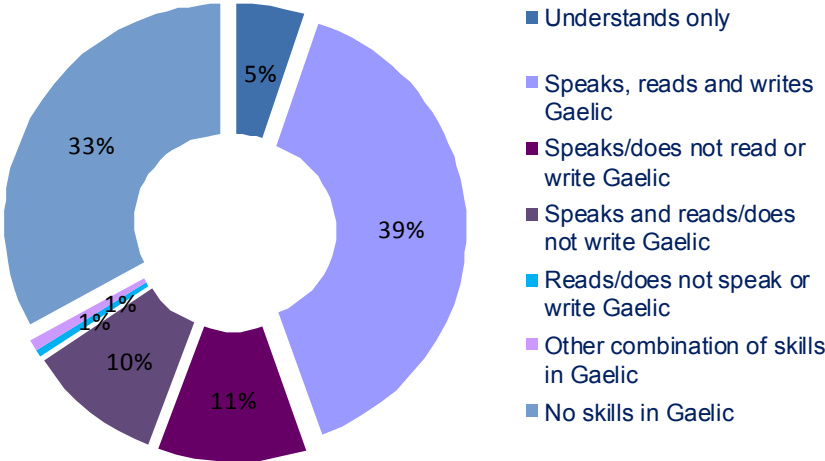
Language

Of the 1,869 people aged 3 and over in Harris, a total of 1,256 people (67.2%) had some Gaelic ability while 613 (32.8%) had no Gaelic skills.

The combinations of Gaelic skills, within those who have some ability, are shown in the adjacent graph. The largest group was those who speak, read and write Gaelic at 39%. This was above the Outer Hebrides average of 30.3% while those with no skills in Gaelic was below the Outer Hebrides average of 38.8%.

In island areas Harris had the highest percentage of those who speak but do not read or write Gaelic and the lowest percentage of those with no skills in Gaelic.

Gaelic Skills in Harris





# Economy and Labour Market

## Economically Active in Harris & Outer Hebrides



## Economically Active

Out of the total of 1,410 people in Harris aged 16-74 a total of 919 (65%) were economically active. This was the lowest percentage in all island areas.

Of those who were economically active, most people were in full time employment, while 15% were in part time employment.

In island areas Harris had the highest percentage of those who were self-employed and the lowest percentage of those who were in part-time and full-time employment.

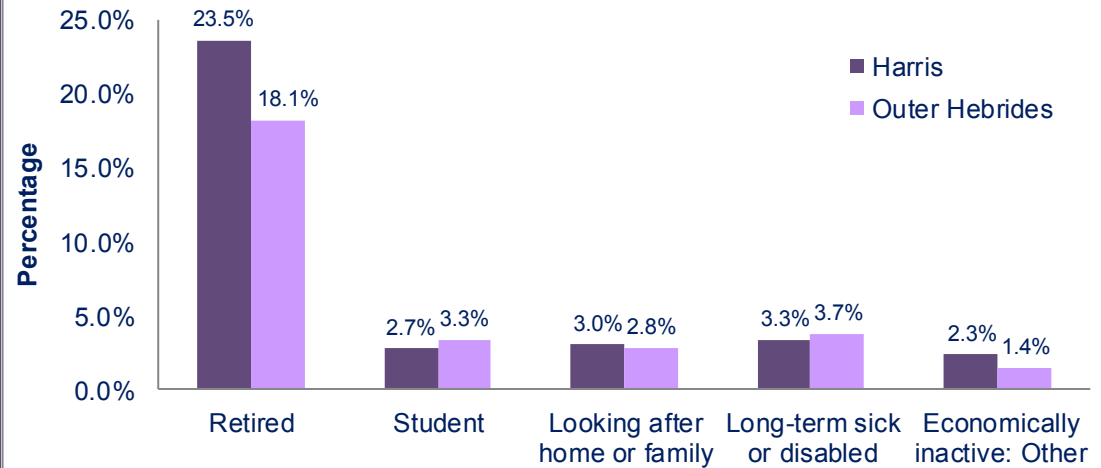
## Economically Inactive

Out of the 1,410 people in Harris aged 16-74 a total of 491 (35%) were economically inactive. Harris had the highest percentage of economically inactive in all island areas.

Of those who were economically inactive most people were retired, but this percentage was higher than the Outer Hebrides average, and was the highest of all island areas.

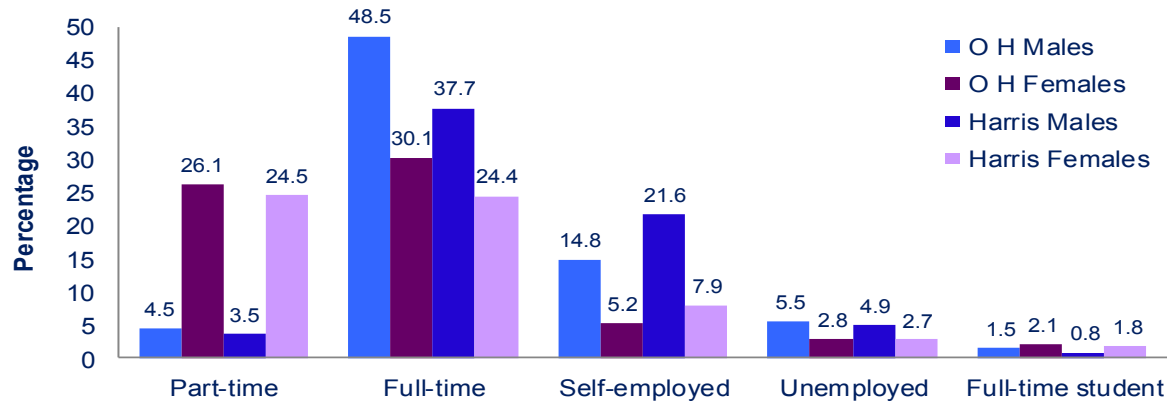
Harris also had the highest percentage of people looking after home or family in all island areas.

## Economically Inactive in Harris and Outer Hebrides



# Economy and Labour Market

### Economically Active Males & Females in Harris & Outer Hebrides



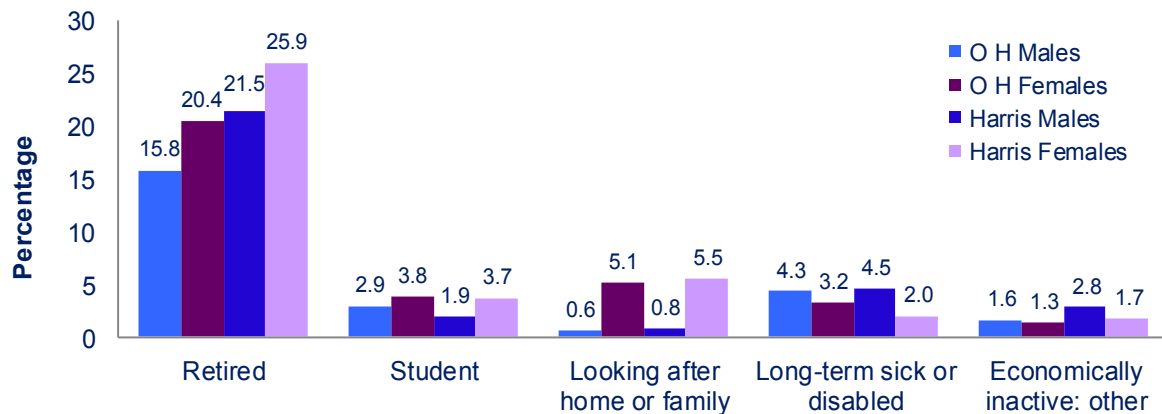
## Economic Activity

As illustrated in the adjacent graph more women than men were in part-time work and more men than women were in full-time work. More men than women were self-employed and more men than women were unemployed.

Harris had the highest percentage in all island areas of males self-employed. Harris had the lowest percentage of males and females in full-time employment in all island areas and had the lowest percentage of males in part-time employment.

Overall, Harris had the lowest levels of economic activity in all island areas for both males and females.

### Economically Inactive Males & Females in Harris & Outer Hebrides



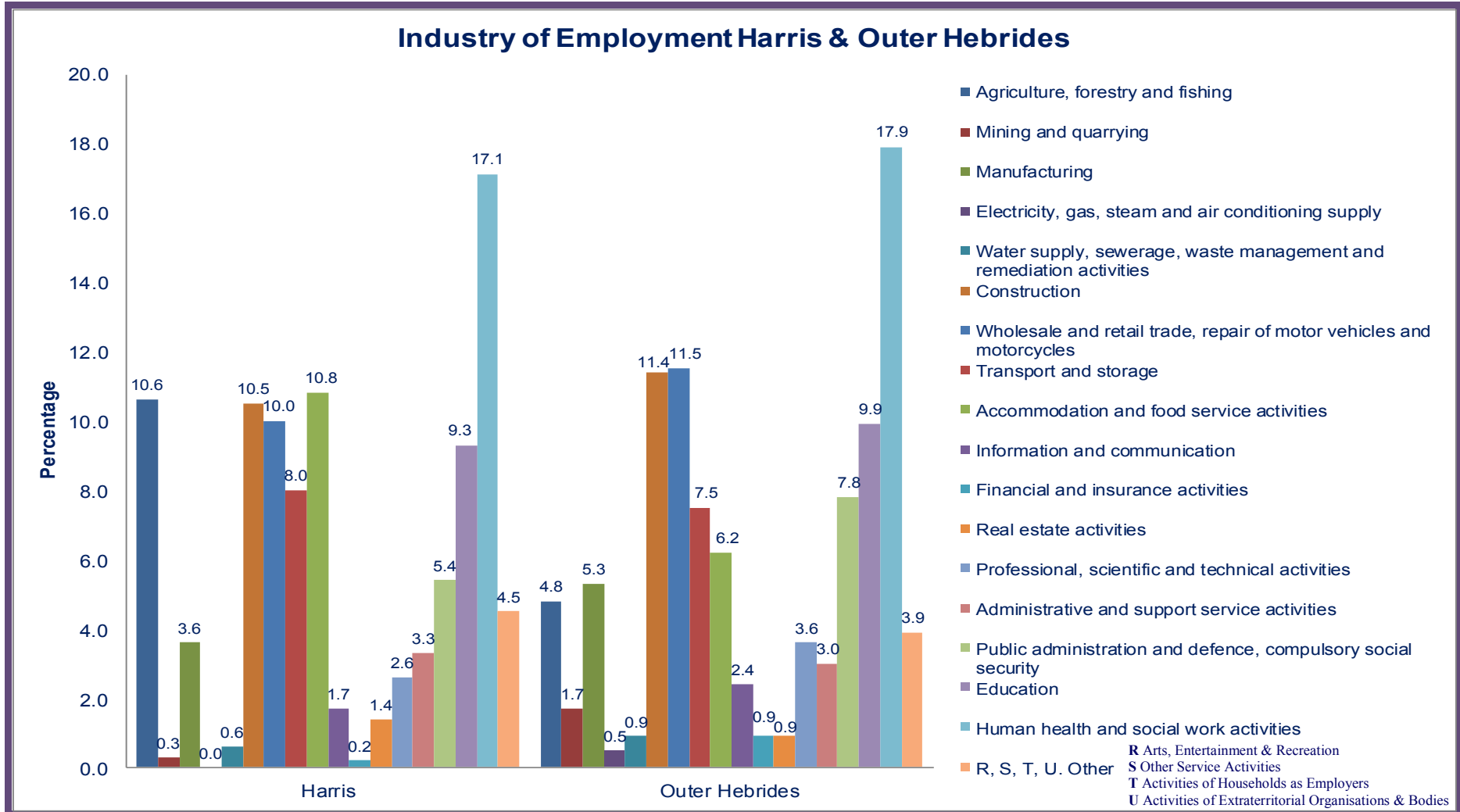
## Economic Inactivity

As illustrated in the adjacent graph a higher percentage of women than men were retired and a higher percentage of women than men were looking after home or family.

Harris had the highest percentage of males and females in all island areas who were retired and also the highest percentage of males looking after home or family and the highest percentage of males long-term sick or disabled, along with Lewis and South Uist.

Harris had the highest levels of both male and female inactivity in all island areas.

# Economy and Labour Market

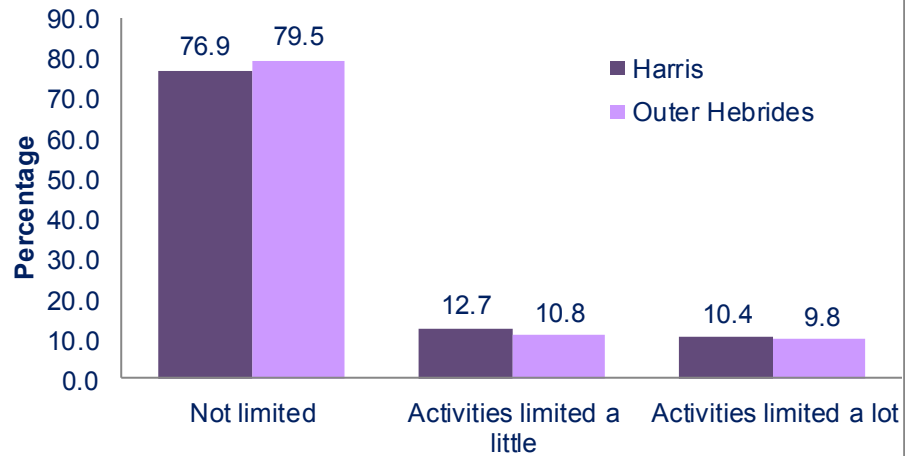


### Industry of Employment

The chart above illustrates industry of employment in Harris and the Outer Hebrides. There was very little difference between industries in Harris and the Outer Hebrides with the greatest difference in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing industry which was 5.8 percentage points higher in Harris than in the Outer Hebrides. The highest percentage of people in Harris were employed in Human Health and Social Work activities.

## Health

**Long term health problem or disability:  
Day to day activities**



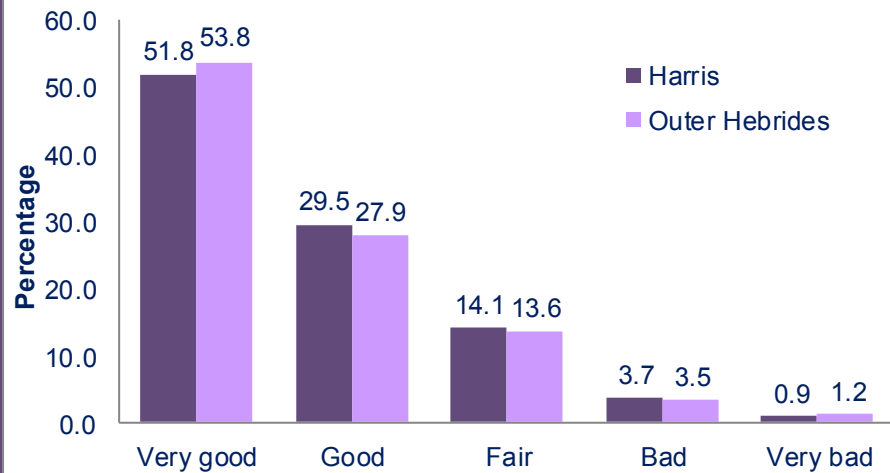
### Health and Unpaid Care

Day to day activities, general health and provision of unpaid care were broadly similar in Harris to those in the Outer Hebrides.

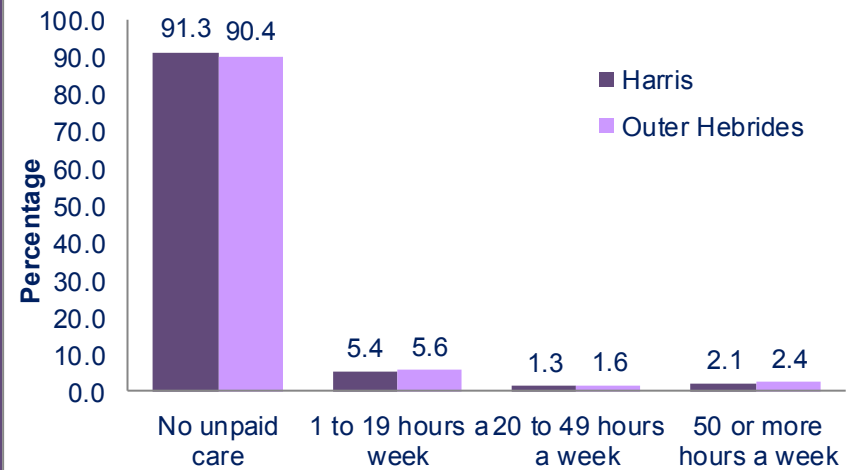
Harris had the highest percentage of those in island areas stating that their day to day activities were limited a little.

Harris had the lowest percentage of people stating that their health was very good and the highest percentage stating that their health was fair.

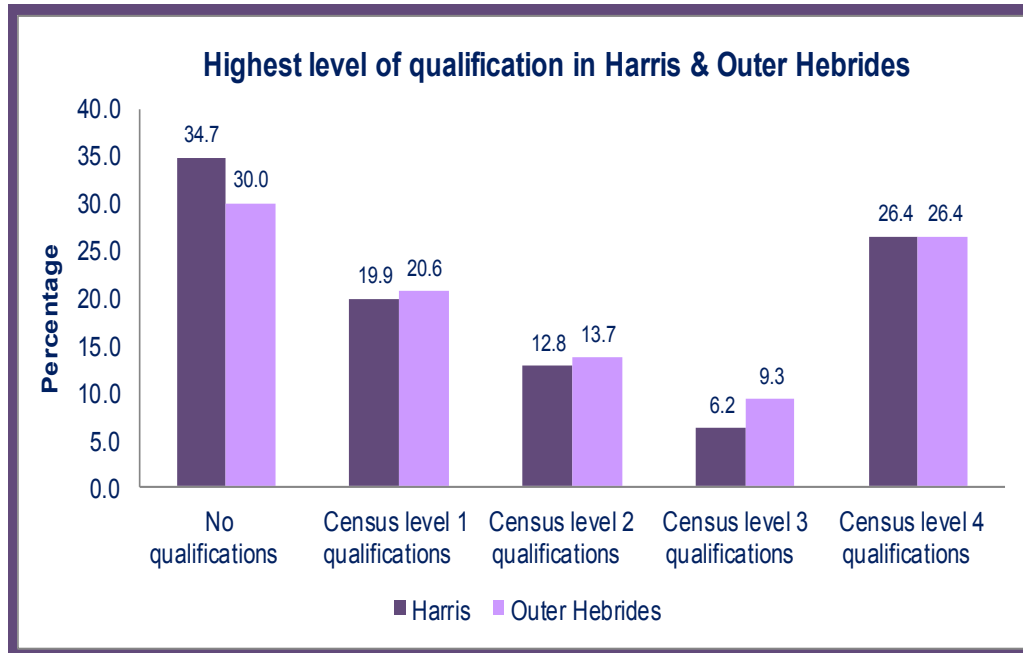
**General Health**



**Provision of Unpaid Care**



## Education



### Education

There was very little variation between the different groups of qualification levels in Harris and the Outer Hebrides.

Over 26%, the same as the Outer Hebrides average, had level 4 and over qualifications. The largest group of people in Harris had no qualifications. Harris and South Uist had the highest percentage in all island areas of those with no qualifications. In island areas Harris had the lowest percentage of those with level 1 and 2 qualifications.

### Qualification Levels

- Level 1: O Grade, Standard Grade, Access 3 Cluster, Intermediate 1 or 2, GCSE, CSE, Senior Certification or equivalent; GSVQ Foundation or Intermediate, SVQ level 1 or 2, SCOTVEC Module, City and Guilds Craft or equivalent; other school qualifications not already mentioned (including foreign qualifications).
- Level 2: SCE Higher Grade, Higher, Advanced Higher, CSYS, A Level, AS Level, Advanced Senior Certificate or equivalent, GSVQ Advanced, SVQ level 3, ONC, OND, SCOTVEC National Diploma, City and Guilds Advanced Craft or equivalent.
- Level 3: HNC, HND, SVQ level 4 or equivalent; other post-school but pre-Higher Education qualifications not already mentioned (including foreign qualifications).
- Level 4: Degree, Postgraduate qualifications, and Masters, PhD, SVQ level 5 or equivalent; above Professional qualifications (for example, teaching, nursing, accountancy); Other Higher Education qualifications not already mentioned (including foreign qualifications).